

Annual Report 2023 UNICEF ETHIOPIA

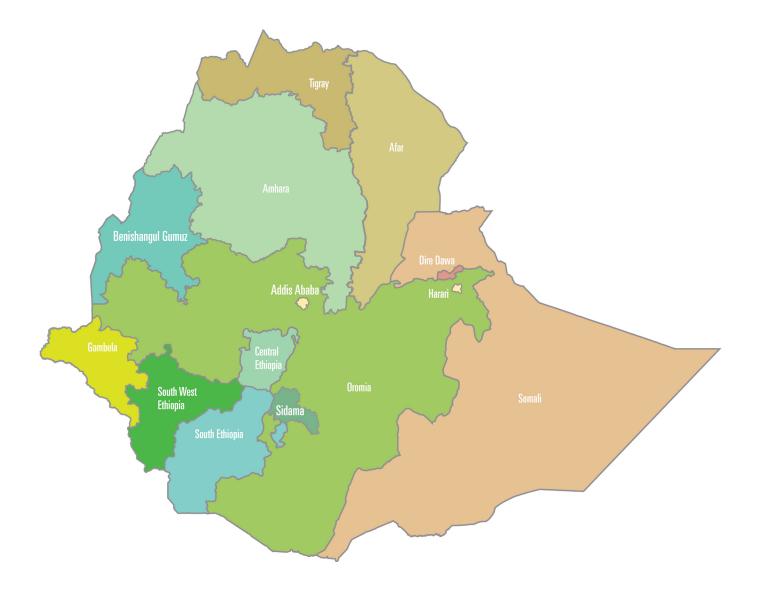


ETHIOPIA ANNUAL REPORT 2023

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ETHIOPIA Administrative Map



This map is stylized and not to scale and does not reflect a position by UNICEF on the legal status of any territory or the delimitation of any frontiers.



FOREWORD

Ethiopia is a country of complexities and hope. In 2023, children and their families across Ethiopia faced multiple and complex emergencies, including conflict, climate-induced drought and floods. This resulted in over 31 million people in need of humanitarian assistance across the country, including 16.5 million children. In addition, at least 4 million people were internally displaced. The nation also faced several public health emergencies, including cholera, measles and dengue fever outbreaks and a significant spike in malaria cases.

I have visited many of our programmes and I have seen first-hand the tireless work of UNICEF staff on the ground. I have met with dedicated front-line workers, who despite challenging conditions, continue to work for children and their families in Ethiopia.

I have also met so many children, who despite their circumstances, still dream, still hope and are an inspiration to us all.



Take Embet Osman who is 12 years old. She lives in Azerti Kitili IDP camp in Benishangul-Gumuz region, displaced by inter-ethnic conflict. Despite, being homeless she attends the UNICEF-supported school and she said: "I want to be a champion for peace and girls. I have been given chances and I want to do the same for other children who are in need."

This year, despite the many emergencies, we have focused on empowering communities and providing them with local solutions, so they can become economically dependent. We have also trained countless youth with life skills so they can contribute to the workforce. By creating local markets, we are bolstering the economic power and creating employment opportunities in the country. This is a key factor if we are to alleviate poverty and we must continue to scale up our efforts in this area.

In addition, we have also scaled up our humanitarian cash transfer programme. Cash transfers empowers and preserves the dignity of recipients, giving them flexibility for families to make their own choices in meeting their different needs.

While we have been responding to the significant humanitarian needs, we also continued to invest in local long-term development programming, including scaling up water solarization schemes so that families impacted by drought or conflict will always have access to water which is a lifeline for survival.

We have also ensured that all our programming is developed with a gender and disability inclusion lens.

From a UNICEF point of view, no matter where they are, or who they are, all children have a right to basic services and UNICEF will continue to reach children in remote areas especially zero-dose children.

Finally, I would like to take this opportunity to thank all our partners on the ground for their commitment to improve the lives of children and their families. In addition, my sincere thanks to our donor partners, who without their support, we would not be able to do the work we are meant to do – serve the children of Ethiopia.

Dr. Aboubacar Kampo

UNICEF Ethiopia Country Representative



FOR EVERY CHILD, HEALTH

SITUATION



Maternal Mortality 267 deaths per 100,000 live births.1



Neonatal Mortality Rate

26 deaths per 1,000 live births.4



An estimated 1.1 million children are zero-dose.⁷



Under-5 Child Mortality 47 deaths per 1,000 live births.²



Antenatal Care Coverage

79 per cent of women in Ethiopia had at least four (recommended) ANC visits during their last pregnancy.⁵



Measles

Ethiopia has the third highest number of children, 1.7 million, unvaccinated against measles.⁸



Infant Mortality Rate 34 deaths per 1,000.3



Skilled Birth Attendant/Postnatal Care

75 per cent of deliveries were attended by skilled health staff.⁶



An estimated 620,000 Ethiopian adults and children are living with HIV. 9

¹ 2000 – 2020 United Nations Inter-Agency Group Maternal Mortality Trends Estimates

- ² United Nations Inter-Agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation, 2022
- ³ IBID
- ⁴ IBID
- ⁵ Health and Health-related Indicators, 2022/2023
- ⁶IBID
- ⁷ UNICEF
- ⁸ UNICEF
- ⁹ Health and Health-related Indicators, 2022/2023



- Over 2 million women and children received essential medical support across the country.
- Over 146,000 new-borns were admitted to UNICEF-supported neonatal intensive care units, with a recovery rate of 80 per cent.
- UNICEF supported integrated measles campaigns, reaching 4.5 million children, and more than 100,000 zerodose children were identified and received the pentavalent vaccine.
- UNICEF & GAVI jointly supported cold chain management, which contributed to increased cold chain capacity in health facilities (from 53 per cent in 2022 to 67 per cent in 2023).
- UNICEF also procured and installed over 6,100 solar direct drive refrigerators across the country to ensure safe vaccine storage.

UNICEF supported the Government of Ethiopia to:

- Develop and finalize The Zero Dose Catchup Plan for 2022-2024.
- Develop and finalize The Adolescent Youth Health (AYH) Strategy Document and AYH Implementation Guidelines.
- Ensure integration of the National COVID-19 vaccination service into routine immunization and other primary health care implementation guidelines.



FOR EVERY CHILD, NUTRITION

SITUATION



Malnutrition

Over 4.7 million children under the age of five are malnourished including 1.2 million severely malnourished children.¹⁰



Stunting

39 per cent of children under-five were stunted.¹¹



Wasting 11 per cent of children under-five were wasted.¹²



Underweight

21 per cent of children under-five were underweight.¹³



Undernutrition deaths

Almost half (45 per cent) of all child deaths are associated with undernutrition.¹⁴



Breastfeeding

61 per cent of children under 6 months are exclusively breastfed.¹⁵

¹⁰ UNICEF

- ¹¹ 2019 Ethiopia Mini Demographic and Health Survey
- ¹² UNICEF
- ¹³ Food and nutrition survey 2022
- ¹⁴ WHO /WB Group Joint Child Malnutrition Estimates, 2017
- ¹⁵ Ministry of Finance & UNICEF Ethiopia National Situation Analysis of Children & Women in Ethiopia 2019



- Nearly 670,000 under-five children were treated for severe acute malnutrition, averting deaths of over 67,000 children.
- UNICEF delivered USD\$88 million worth of RUTF, therapeutic milk and medicines, of which 20 per cent were locally procured, to ensure timely and adequate treatment of children.
- Through UNICEF support, over 11.8 million children aged 6-59 months (78 per cent) received 2 doses of vitamin A supplementation.
- Over 8.8 million children aged
 6-59 months (73 per cent) received deworming tablets.

- Over 2 million pregnant women (44 per cent) received iron and folic acid (IFA) supplementation.
- More than 400,000 adolescent girls were reach with IFA supplementation.
- Over 20 million people were reached with key messages on nutrition services, with an estimated 2,500 religious leaders sensitized on nutrition care practices.
- 68 Mobile Health and Nutrition Teams were deployed across the country.

UNICEF supported the Government of Ethiopia (GoE) to:

- To strengthen food systems, UNICEF initiated a partnership with the Ministry of Agriculture, to support the scale-up of local production of egg and papaya powder, and the use of hydroponics technology to increase vegetable production.
- The public finance for nutrition training led to the development of nutrition budget tagging and expenditure tracking. Moreover, the GoE allocated USD\$1.3 million to procure ready-to-use therapeutic foods, which was matched by UNICEF.
- UNICEF supported the establishment and expansion of a Unified Nutrition Information System (UNISE) aligned with DHIS2 software - a multisectoral nutrition information system currently being implemented in 100 woredas.
- UNICEF developed the first nutrition toolkit for religious leaders.

FOR EVERY CHILD,

CLEAN WATER AND HYGIENE

SITUATION



Access to basic water supply service

50 per cent of the population have access to clean water.¹⁶



WASH in Schools

Only 15 per cent of primary schools have access to water and 39 per cent of primary schools have access to basic sanitation services.¹⁹



Sanitation

91 per cent of children lack access to basic sanitation.¹⁷



Open Defecation

19 million people practice open defecation.¹⁸



WASH in Healthcare Facilities

30 per cent of healthcare facilities have a basic water supply.²⁰

¹⁶ UNICEF

- 17 IBID
- ¹⁸ WHO and UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme (JMP) 2023
- ¹⁹ IBID
- 20 IBID



- Over 8.9 million people, including over 5 million women and girls, had access to safe water.
- More than 3.5 million people, including nearly 1.9 million women and girls, had access to improved sanitation.
- 30 water systems were solarized which helped provide safe water to 135,000 people, protecting them from waterborne diseases in a sustainable manner.
- Nearly 9 million people lived in open defecation free environments.
- More than 22 million people were reached with messages on hygiene promotion and menstrual health and hygiene (MHH).
- Comprehensive MHH services were implemented in over 660 schools benefitting nearly 90,000 girls.

UNICEF supported the Ministry of Water and Energy (MoWE) to:

- In the development of the action plan for the One WASH National Programme Consolidated Water Account II (OWNP-CWA II).
- Supported the MoWE to revitalize the Water and Energy Sectors Working Group to help provide a discussion forum for key stakeholders on critical issues in the WASH sector.



SITUATION



An estimated 17 million children (pre-primary, primary and junior secondary) are out of school. Nearly half are girls.²¹



9.6 million children At-Risk of Drop Out

An estimated 9.6 million children (primary and secondary) are at risk of dropping out of school. Nearly half are girls.²²



The pupil-teacher ratio is an estimated 39:1 at primary level. Female teachers account for 39 per cent of all primary school teachers.²³

²¹World Bank ²²World Bank

²³ Education Management Information System 2018/2019



- Nearly 120,000 pre-primary school children, 48.5 per cent were girls, benefited from early childhood education services.
- Nearly 315,000 children attended primary and secondary school, 48 per cent were girls.
- Out of these figures, over 7,800 children with disabilities received educational support.

UNICEF supported the Ministry of Education to:

- Life skills materials and training supported over 134,000 adolescent girls and boys.
- Over **400 secondary teachers** were trained on the new curriculum.

- Design, finalize and disseminate the Early Childhood Development and Education Policy Framework.
- Roll out of the comprehensive general education curriculum reform for which the revised curriculum for secondary education was launched in September 2023.
- Develop and launch the Digital Education Strategy and Implementation Plan (2023 2028) to support the development of digital infrastructure, connectivity, and skills for teachers and students.

FOR EVERY CHILD, PROTECTION

SITUATION



Physical Violence

Almost one in four females aged 15-49 years reported experiencing physical or sexual violence.²⁴



Child Marriage

40 per cent of women aged 20-24 years are married by age 18 and 14 per cent are married by age 15.²⁷



Gender Based Violence

34 per cent of Ethiopian women reported experiencing physical, sexual, or emotional violence from an intimate partner.²⁵



Female Genital Mutilation (FGM)

Around 65 per cent of girls and women have undergone FGM.²⁸



Birth Registration

Only 40 per cent of children under 5 are registered at birth.²⁶

²⁴ Ethiopia Demographic & Health Survey (EDHS) 2016

- ²⁵ IBID
- ²⁶ IBID
- 27 IBID
- ²⁸ IBID



- Over 61,000 children received comprehensive gender-based violence (GBV) case management in health, psychosocial, and legal services.
- 35 GBV one-stop-centres were supported with supplies, capacity building, technical assistance and staffing.
- Over 1 million under-one children had their births registered from July 2022 to June 2023.
- Nearly 50,000 men and boys were engaged in dialogues to prevent harmful behaviours.
- Over **1.5 million people** were reached with messages on harmful practices.

- UNICEF and partners achieved the cancellation of nearly 4,000 child marriages and the prevention of nearly 140 FGM procedures.
- Over 33,000 recipients of shock responsive cash transfers programme were supported to access safe reporting channels for the prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse, through social workers and the UNICEF Hotline.
- Nearly 1,200 social workers and psychologists were deployed through case management approaches, in both humanitarian and development contexts.

UNICEF supported the Ministry of Women and Social Affairs (MOWSA) to:

- Strengthen child protection data management for the roll-out of the Child Protection Information Management System which will go live in 2024.
- Strengthened the UNICEF-supported Mobile Ethiopian-Civil Registration and Vital Statistics digital platform.
- UNICEF supported the newly formed government body, the National Rehabilitation Commission to protect, rehabilitate, and reintegrate women and children in armed conflict, including those formerly associated with armed groups.



FOR EVERY CHILD,

AN EQUITABLE CHANCE IN LIFE

SITUATION



Ethiopia has a fast-growing population of children under 18 which will constitute 6% of the African population by 2025.²⁹



An estimated **36 million** children experienced multidimensional poverty in 2023.³⁰

97th to 75th

position

Ethiopia's ranking in the World Economic Forum Global Gender Gap Index 2023 showed a significant leap forward, moving from **97th to 75th** position. ³¹

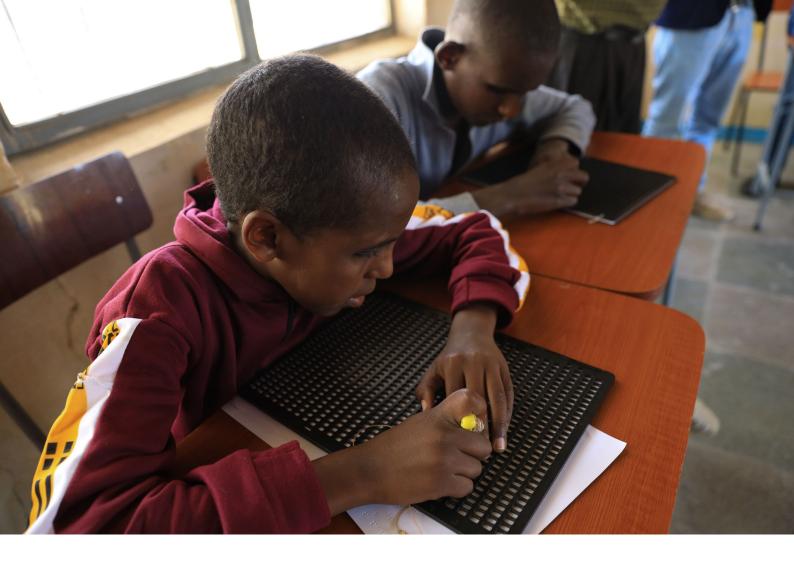
22.4 billion

Budget safety nets

The Government of Ethiopia has continued to increase the budget for the main safety nets in the country. In nominal terms, the budget increased by **113 per cent from ETB 10.5 billion** in 2019/20 to ETB **22.4 billion** in 2023/24. However, when taking inflation into account, in real terms, the budget has declined by 19 per cent. ³²

Based on the Human Development Report 2021/2022, Ethiopia ranks **175 out of 191** countries and is classified as 'low human development'. ³³

²⁹ EUN Joint Common Country Analysis, 2023
³⁰ UNICEF
³¹ World Economic Forum
³² UNICEF
³³ UNDP



- Nearly 2.6 million households, including 21 million children received support through the Productive Safety Net Programme (PSNP) in urban and rural areas.
- 62,000 households were reached, through shock responsive cash transfers (SRCT), and were connected to multisectoral services.
- To foster the inclusion of children with disabilities, UNICEF and partners provided assistive devices to **300** children.

UNICEF supported:

- The Ministry of Women and Social Affairs, the Ethiopian Human Rights Commission, and the Ethiopian Institute of the Ombudsman in monitoring and reporting on child rights and gender equality.
- The Government of Ethiopia to strengthen the agenda for a national integrated social protection system.



FOR EVERY CHILD,

SOCIAL AND BEHAVIOURAL CHANGE

2023 KEY RESULTS:

- Lifesaving messages, including for cholera prevention and drought resilience, were delivered to over
 32 million people through strategic communication and community engagement.
- Capacities of nearly 10,000 stakeholders was strengthened in behaviour change communication who were able to engage over 3.5 million people.
- SBC guidelines and toolkits were finalized for use by communities, religious leaders, and other frontline workers which bolstered the governments and stakeholders' capacity to deliver quality SBC interventions.
- The National SBC Alliance in Ethiopia with more than **34 organizations** who are engaged in the SBC area was spearheaded by UNICEF. With the

technical contribution of each member, SBC strategy for climate change has been drafted and consultation with government bodies is ongoing so the strategy can be endorsed for national use.

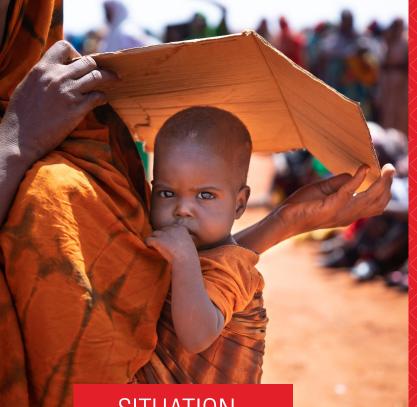
- Through an SBC assessment in 2023, over 1.5 million people demonstrated positive changes in knowledge, attitudes and practices on gender issues.
- A 3D virtual reality platform was developed to promote WASH hygiene practices among school age children.
- Risk communication and community engagement resulted in COVID-19 vaccines reaching 60 million people, among whom 88 per cent were fully vaccinated.



FOR EVERY CHILD, SUPPLIES

2023 KEY RESULTS:

- \$281 million worth of supplies was procured by UNICEF Ethiopia.
- \$106 million worth of supplies was procured on behalf of the Government of Ethiopia.



FOR EVERY CHILD,

HUMANITARIAN RESPONSE

SITUATION

Ethiopia faced multiple complex emergencies across the country. Conflict, climate-induced drought and floods are the main drivers that are pushing children and their families to the brink.

- 20 million people, including 10.8 million children, required urgent humanitarian assistance in 2023. ³⁴
- An estimated 3.4 million people were internally displaced across the country and of this, approximately 1.9 million were children. ³⁵
- More than 2.2 million people have been displaced due to conflict. In 2023, conflict was the primary reason for nearly 65 per cent of all displacements throughout Ethiopia. ³⁶
- Ethiopia hosted more than 960,000 refugees, approximately 120,000 of whom were new in 2023. ³⁷

- More than 2.4 million people have been displaced in Amhara, Oromia, and Tigray.³⁸
- Additionally, more than 6.1 million children remain out-of-school across the three regions.³⁹
- More than 600,000 people have been displaced due to the drought.⁴⁰
- More than 600,000 people have been displaced due to floods in Afar, Central Ethiopia, Gambella, Sidama, Somali, and South Ethiopia regions.⁴¹
- Nearly 30,000 cases of cholera were reported.⁴²

- ³⁴ Humanitarian Action for Children 2023
- ³⁵ Displacement Tracking Metrix, IOM, 2023
- ³⁶ UNICEF Ethiopia Situation Report 2023
- ³⁷ UNHCR, December 2023
- ³⁸ Displacement Tracking Metrix, IOM, 2023
- ³⁹ UNICEF
- ⁴⁰ Displacement Tracking Metrix, IOM, 2023
- ⁴¹ OCHA, Displacement Tracking Metrix, IOM, 2023
- 42 UNICEF



2023 HUMANITARIAN KEY RESULTS

- More than 22 million people were reached with key hygiene messages to mitigate disease outbreaks, including cholera.
- 138 cholera treatment centres were established.
- An estimated **750 Emergency drug kits** were distributed in emergency areas.
- UNICEF and partners provided protection emergency services to nearly 950,000 people, including nearly 600,000 children.

- Over 61,000 refugee and host community children were reached with educational support in crises regions.
- Nearly 39,000 children living in emergencies benefited from life skills trainings.

DONOR SUPPORT :

UNICEF Ethiopia is deeply grateful for all the support from our partners. Your continued funding has helped improve the lives of children and their families in Ethiopia.



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CENTRAL EMERGENCY RESPONSE FUND (CERF) GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP FOR EDUCATION CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION (CDC) THE WORLD BANK **Private Donors and Foundations** BILL & MELINDA GATES FOUNDATION (BMGF) CHILDREN'S INVESTMENT FUND FOUNDATION (CIFF) EDUCATION CANNOT WAIT FUND (ECW) END VIOLENCE AGAINST CHILDREN FUND (EVAC) GLOBAL ALLIANCE FOR VACCINES AND IMMUNISATION (GAVI)

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ROTARY

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